

### Liquid Crystal Polymer

Easier flow and slightly improved toughness over A530. Outstanding hydrolytic stability. 15% mineral filled. Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1 : LCP Inherently flame retardant UL-Listing V-0 in natural at 0.38mm thickness per UL 94 flame testing. Relative-Temperature-Index (RTI) according to UL 746B: electrical 130°C, mechanical 130°C. UL = Underwriters Laboratories (USA)

### **Product information**

Resin Identification Part Marking Code	LCP-MD15 >LCP-MD15<		ISO 1043 ISO 11469
Rheological properties Moulding shrinkage, parallel	0	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage, normal	0.6		ISO 294-4, 2577
Typical mechanical properties			
Tensile modulus	12000	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at break, 5mm/min	190	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min	4.8		ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural modulus	12000		ISO 178
Flexural strength		MPa	ISO 178
Compressive modulus	9500		ISO 604
Compressive stress at 1% strain		MPa	ISO 604
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m² kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA ISO 180/1A
Izod notched impact strength, 23°C Izod impact strength, 23°C		kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	ISO 180/14 ISO 180/1U
Hardness, Rockwell, M-scale	63	KU/III	ISO 2039-2
Poisson's ratio	0.33 <sup>[C]</sup>		100 2000 2
[C]: Calculated			
Thermal properties			
Melting temperature, 10°C/min	280	°C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	185	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
Temperature of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	232		ISO 75-1/-2
Temperature of deflection under load, 8 MPa	103		ISO 75-1/-2
Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 50N	149		ISO 306
Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 10N	149		ISO 306
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion	0	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
(CLTE), parallel Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE),	30	E-6/K	ISO 11359-1/-2
normal	50		130 11333-17-2
Flammability			
-			
Burning Behav. at thickness h	V-0	class	IEC 60695-11-10



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Electrical properties			
Relative permittivity, 100Hz	3.8		IEC 62631-2-1
Relative permittivity, 1MHz	3.2		IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 100Hz	100	E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 1MHz	200	E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Volume resistivity	1E13	Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity	>1E15	Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength	40	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index	175		IEC 60112
Arc Resistance	145	S	UL 746B
Physical/Other properties			
Density	1520	kg/m³	ISO 1183
Injection			
Drying Recommended	yes		
Drying Temperature	150	°C	
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	4 - 6	h	
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.01	%	
Melt Temperature Optimum	290	°C	
Min. melt temperature	285	°C	
Max. melt temperature	295	°C	
Screw tangential speed	0.2 - 0.3	m/s	
Mold Temperature Optimum	100	°C	
Min. mould temperature		°C	
Max. mould temperature	120		
Back pressure	3	MPa	

### Characteristics

Processing	Injection Moulding
Delivery form	Pellets
Additives	Mineral Filler
Special characteristics	Flame retardant, Light stabilised or stable to light, Specialty appearance, Hydrolysis resistant, High Flow

### Additional information

Injection molding

### Preprocessing

Vectra resins are well known for their excellent thermal and hydrolytic stability. In order to ensure these properties are optimum, the resin should be dried correctly prior to processing. Vectra A-grades should be dried at 150 C for a minimum of 4 hours in a desiccant dryer.

### Processing

A three-zone screw evenly divided into feed, compression, and metering zones is

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## VECTRA<sup>®</sup> A515

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preferred. A higher percentage of feed flights may be needed for smaller machines: 1/2 feed, 1/4 compression, 1/4 metering.

Vectra LCPs are shear thinning, their melt viscosity decreases quickly as shear rate increases. For parts that are difficult to fill, the molder can increase the injection velocity to improve melt flow.

**Processing Notes** 

#### Pre-Drying

VECTRA should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be =< -  $40^{\circ}$  C. The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.

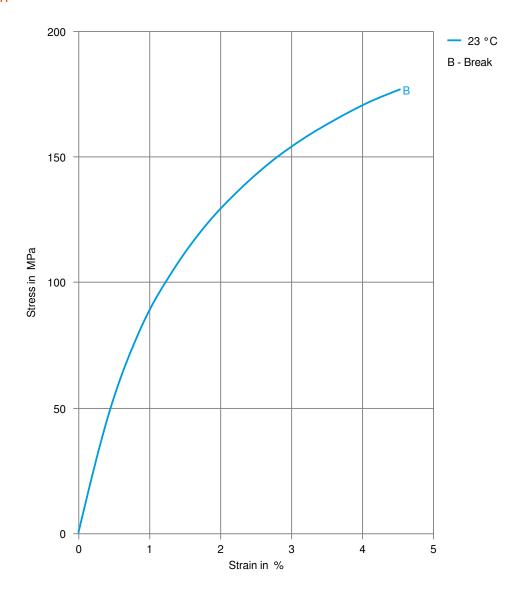
#### Storage

For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed the temperature does not need to be lowered for grades A, B, C, D and V (<= 24 h).



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### Stress-strain





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#### Secant modulus-strain

